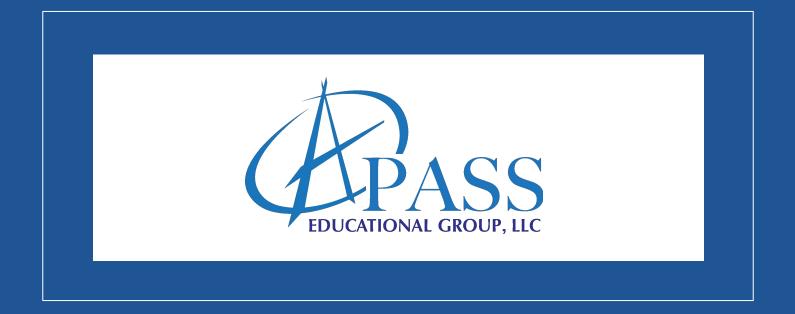
Learner Motivation





Motivational Self-Reflection

Self-Reflection Time Travel

Think about a time when you were capable of doing something, but lacked the necessary motivation.



Principles of Learner Motivation

What is Learner Motivation?

Learner motivation is a complex, abstract concept associated with why students desire to participate in the learning process and what drives some to persist while others do not.

Learner Motivation



Principles of Learner
Motivation
Constraints:
Intrinsic
Extrinsic
ARCS Model



Motivation: Intrinsic and Extrinsic

Intrinsic vs. Extrinsic



Learner Motivation

Intrinsic Motivation

Intrinsic motivation involves engaging in a behavior because it is personally rewarding.

Extrinsic Motivation

Extrinsic motivation occurs when we are motivated to perform a behavior or engage in an activity to earn a reward or avoid punishment.

Intrinsic vs. Extrinsic

WHAT? HOW? WHY? HOW? WHO? WHERE? WHAT? HOW? WHO? WHERE? WHAT? HOW? WHO? WHOSE? WHO? WHOSE? WHO? WHOSE?

HOW? WHO?



HAT? HOW? WHY

Examples of Intrinsic Motivation

- Studying a subject because you find it fascinating
- Participating in a sport because you enjoy the activity
- Cleaning your dorm room, because you like tidying up
- Solving a crossword puzzle or word search because you find them challenging and fun

Examples of Extrinsic Motivation

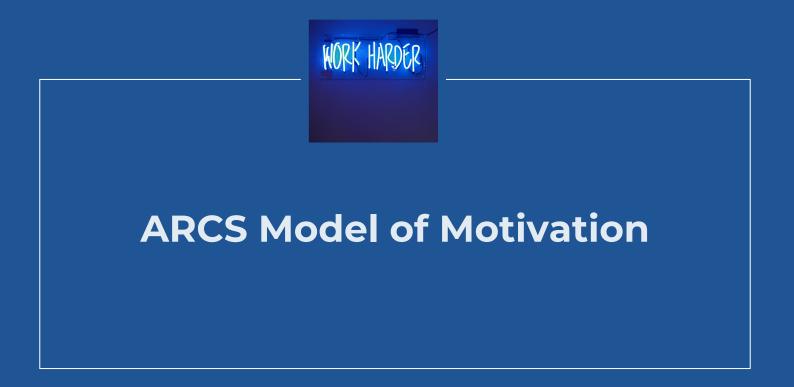
- Studying a subject to get a good grade
- Participating in a sport to win awards
- Cleaning your dorm room to avoid conflict with the Resident Assistant (RA)
- Competing in a contest to win a scholarship or prize



Can you tell the difference?

Intrinsic vs. Extrinsic

"Motivation problems: Where's the motivation?"





ARCS Model of Motivation

ARCS is an instructional model developed by John Keller; ARCS focuses on motivation. Keller's ARCS Model of Motivation explains the importance of motivating the learner, and ensures the continuity of the motivation during the instruction.

ARCS Model Components

Four Components of the ARCS Model

- A Attention
- R Relevance
- **C** Confidence
- S Satisfaction





ARCS Model Subcategories

Attention

Perceptual Arousal
 Inquiry Arousal
 Variability

Relevance

Goal OrientationMotive MatchingFamiliarity

Confidence

Learning Requirements
 Success Opportunities
 Personal Control

Satisfaction

Intrinsic Reinforcement
 Extrinsic Reward
 Equity



Kahoot! Activity

ARCS Model Components

Join the Kahoot! Motivational Jumble

Kahoot! App or kahoot.it (url) Motivational Jumble

<u>Game PIN</u> 710484







Learner Motivation in Higher Education

Higher Education Courses

Reasons for taking higher education courses include:

- Self-development
- Increased earnings
- New field transitions
- Network expansions
- Career enhancement
- Stepping stone to a career
- Advanced communication skills
- Advanced problem-solving skills





Learner Motivation Discussion

Can you think of some examples of various motivations for learning?



Higher Education Instruction Tailoring

Course Development Learner Analysis Instruction Tailoring

Course Development



ACTION

When developing a course, you should start with a careful **learner analysis** of the learner population that will enroll in the course.



Learner Analysis

Learner Analysis Defined

The process of identifying your learner audience or target population. This includes: Needs

Demographics

Expectations

Prior knowledge and experience

The Importance of Learner Analysis

Learner analysis is a critical aspect of instructional design and is characterized as an iterative process that informs vital instructional design decisions from front-end analysis to evaluation.



MEASTRUCTION Tailoring



Course tailoring should be specific to the learner group. Things to consider/questions to ask:

- Blended?
- Face-to-Face?
- Synchronous?
- Distant learning?
- Desired outcome?
- Learner demographics?
- What motivates the learner?

Motivational Techniques Discussion

How would you motivate the following adult learners?



The distant learner? The blended learner?

The face-to-face learner?

The synchronous learner?

Motivational Recap

Sec.

"Takeaways"

Motivational Recap

Main Points

 Principles of Motivation
 Intrinsic vs. Extrinsic
 Motivation
 ARCS Model
 Learner Motivation in Higher Education
 Learner Analysis
 Course Development
 Instruction Tailoring

Things to Remember

- Make sure the course meets the motivational needs of the learner group.
- Consider ARCS when designing the course structure and curriculum, and ensure the course is aligning with various motivators (both intrinsic and extrinsic).

References

https://elearningindustry.com/17-tips-to-motivate-adult-learners Encyclopedia of Distant Learning https://g.co/kgs/LdpukD https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/BF02905780 http://www.angelfire.com/la2/learners/learners.html https://www.igi-global.com/dictionary/motivating-adult-learner-online/16783 http://www.irrodl.org/index.php/irrodl/article/view/954/1861 http://www.tamus.edu/academic/wp-content/uploads/sites/24/2017/07/ARCS-Handout-v1.0.pdf https://www.verywellmind.com/differences-between-extrinsic-and-intrinsic-motivation-2795384 Office Space Fandango Movie Clip (launched using shareable URL/link in web browser): https://youtu.be/cgg9byUy-V4

